

Food you can eat

- Hard cheeses like cheddar, parmesan, edam, feta, halloumi, paneer and havarti, as long as they're made with pasteurised milk
- ✓ Soft cheeses like ricotta, mascarpone, cottage cheese and cream cheese, processed cheeses such a Philadelphia and Boursin
- ✓ Yoghurt, including bio yogurts and probiotic drinks
- Nuts, including peanuts, unless you are allergic to them
- ✓ Fromage frais and crème fraîche
- Eggs, just check the white and yolk are cooked until solid
- Mayonnaise, salad cream and ice cream, as long as they don't contain raw egg
- Shellfish and prawns, just make sure they're properly cooked
- ✓ Meat, as long as it's well cooked

Useful sources of information about healthy eating in pregnancy

NHS choices - nhs.uk/conditions/pregnancy-and-baby/pages/healthy-pregnancy-diet.aspx
NHS start4life - nhs.uk/start4life/healthy-eating
NCT - nct.org.uk/pregnancy/pregnancy-nutrition

Food you should avoid

- X Soft mould-ripened and blue cheeses like camembert, brie, chevre and stilton
- X Unpasteurised milk
- X Pâté, including vegetable ones
- X Raw meat such as Parma ham
- X Liver
- X Raw or undercooked eggs including undercooked scrambled eggs or cheesecake and other recipes with raw eggs
- X Soft whip ice cream
- X Raw shellfish
- X Shark, swordfish and marlin
- X Alcohol The Chief Medical Officers for the UK recommend that if you're pregnant, or planning to become pregnant, the safest approach is not to drink alcohol at all, to keep risks to your baby to a minimum.

Food you should limit

- Oily fish such as sardines, mackerel, salmon and fresh tuna - eat no more than two portions a week (or four cans of tuna)
- Caffeine limit yourself to two mugs of tea or instant coffee a day

